



NATIONAL POLICE SERVICE

Service with Dignity

ANNUAL REPORT 2024





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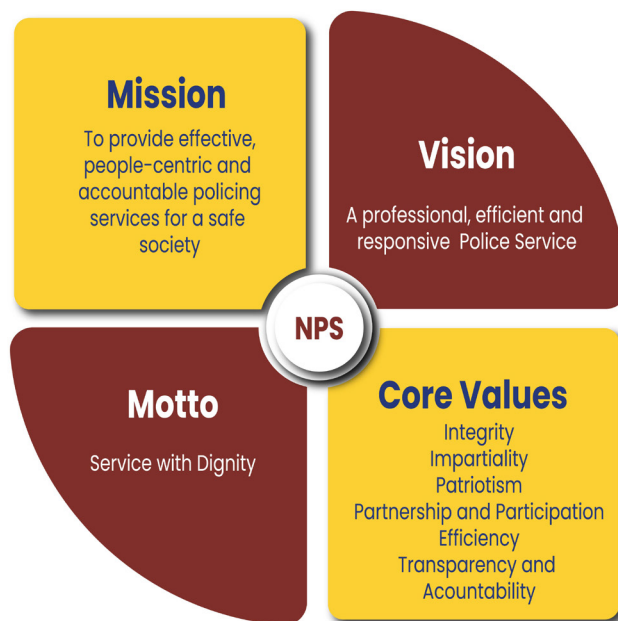


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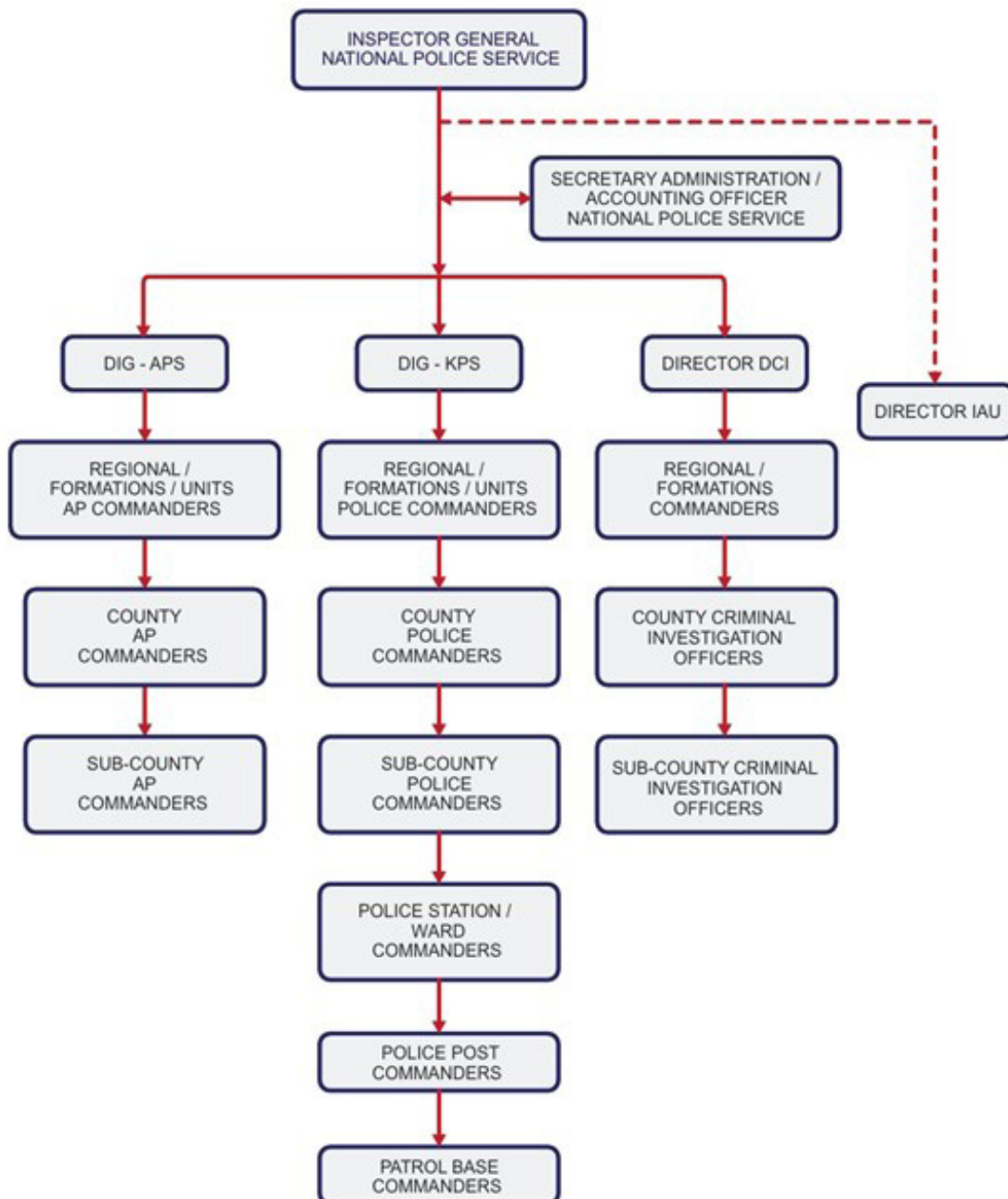
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NPS ORGANOGRAM



NPS ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE



MANDATE OF THE NATIONAL POLICE SERVICE

The National Police Service (NPS) is established under Article 243 of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010 (the Constitution), and comprises of two Services; the Kenya Police Service (KPS) responsible for providing public safety and security; and the Administration Police Service (APS) charged with provision of border security and protection of vital government installations. In addition, Section 87(2) of National Police Service Act, 2011 establishes the Directorate of Criminal Investigations (DCI) with the mandate to undertake investigations into serious crimes such as homicides, and coordination of International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL) Affairs in the country. There is also the Internal Affairs Unit (IAU) that investigates complaints against Police. The command and control of NPS is under the Inspector General - National Police Service (hereafter the IG).

In line with Article 244 of the Constitution, the objects and functions of NPS are to strive for the highest standards of professionalism and discipline among its members; prevent corruption and promote and practice transparency and accountability; comply with constitutional standards of human rights and fundamental freedoms; train staff to the highest possible standards of competence and integrity, respect human rights, fundamental freedoms and dignity, foster and promote relationships with the broader society.

Further, NPS is a national security organ under the Constitution Article 239(1)(c) alongside the Kenya Defence Force (KDF), National Intelligence Service (NIS), and plays a key role in promoting and guaranteeing national security therein defined as “protection against internal and external threats to Kenya’s territorial integrity and sovereignty, its people, their rights, freedoms, property, peace, stability, prosperity, and other national interests”.

NPS is therefore a critical Government agency and enabler of a conducive environment for economic development in tandem with Kenya Vision 2030 as well as the implementation of the Government’s Bottom-Up Economic Transformational Agenda (BETA).

For efficient management, NPS is divided into Directorates, Regions, and Formations/Units.

ACRONYMS

ACA	Anti-Counterfeit Authority
AFRIPOL	African Union Mechanism for Police Cooperation
AIG	Assistant Inspector General
APS	Administration Police Service
ATMIS	African Union Transition Mission in Somalia
ATPU	Anti-Terrorism Police Unit
BCOCC	Border Control and Operations Coordination Committee
BPU	Border Police Unit
CDT	Commandant
CFIU	Cyber Forensics Investigative Unit
CIMS	Critical Incident Management Suite
DCI	Directorate of Criminal Investigations
EAC	East African Community
EAPPCO	The Eastern Africa Police Chiefs Cooperation Organization
GSU	General Service Unit
IAU	Internal Affairs Unit
IC3	Integrated Communication, Command and Control Centre
INTERPOL	International Criminal Police Organization
IPO	Individual Police Officer
IPOA	Independent Policing Oversight Authority
KAA	Kenya Airports Authority
KEBS	Kenya Bureau of Standards
KPS	Kenya Police Service
MRAP	Mine-Resistant Ambush Protected vehicles
NACADA	National Authority for the Campaign Against Alcohol and Drug Abuse
NCAJ	National Council on the Administration of Justice
NCTC	National Counter Terrorism Center NPSNational Police Service
NTSA	National Transport and Safety Authority
OCSEA	Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse
QRU	Quick Response Unit
SAIG	Senior Assistant Inspector General
SALW	Small arms and Light weapons
SGBV	Sexual and Gender-based Violence
SOG	Special Operations Group
UNPOL	UN Police

MESSAGE FROM IG KANJA

It is my greatest pleasure to present to you the National Police Service Annual Report for the year 2024, which is in accordance with the provisions of Article 238 (2)(a) and Article 239 (5) of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.

In 2024, the Service enhanced its service delivery to the public through the adoption of various strategies, including a multi-agency approach to combating contemporary crimes, capacity building of our human resources, and the use of technology in policing, leading to a general decrease in crime rate, as exemplified by a 3.5% decrease in reported cases.

As a result of concerted efforts by all stakeholders, particularly the well-coordinated multi-agency 'Operation Maliza Uhalifu' (OMU) in the North Rift and 'Operation Amani Boni' (OAB) in Lamu County, normalcy has been restored, as evinced by a significant decrease in cattle rustling cases in the North Rift and a surge in social-economic activities in Lamu.

Further, in support of the government's efforts to fight the sale and consumption of illicit brew, and eradication of counterfeit and contraband goods, the Service in collaboration with other stakeholders reinvigorated and sustained concerted efforts to weed out the menace, leading to arrest, prosecution, impounding and destruction of counterfeit and contraband goods.

On road accidents, there was a marked increase in serious injury due to road traffic accidents rising by about 11% since 2023. Nonetheless, fatalities decreased among drivers, passengers, pillion passengers, and motorcyclists by 5.85%, 10%, 9%, and 10.05% respectively.

To mitigate the scourge and enhance road safety, the National Police Service in collaboration with NTSA adopted a multi-pronged strategy that included targeted operations, public sensitization, and reinforcing the Traffic Police Unit by deploying various units including GSU, Police Riders, NPS Airwing, and General Duty Officers to conduct traffic surveillance especially during the festive season.

At the regional and international law enforcement arena, NPS chaired the African Mechanism for Police Cooperation (AFRIPOL) 12th Steering Committee meeting held in Tunis, Tunisia in October 2024 that recommended reforms geared towards strengthening AFRIPOL legisla-



tive, budgetary, and structural capacities to enhance regional police cooperation in the fight against Transnational Organized Crimes, terrorism and cybercrime.

The Service also participated in the 92nd INTERPOL General Assembly held in Glasgow, United Kingdom, and also contributed Officers to the UN and AU Peace Support Operations.

In essence, the year 2024 was generally peaceful, except for the events surrounding the protests in mid-2024, nevertheless, the National Police Service managed to successfully restore peace and order.

Finally, on behalf of all Officers, I wish to thank His Excellency Dr. William Samoei Ruto, CGH, President of the Republic of Kenya and Commander-in-Chief of the Defence Forces, for his continuous and resolute support to the transformation of the National Police Service.

The National Police Service reiterates its commitment to strive for the highest standards of professionalism.

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NATIONAL POLICE SERVICE



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DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL
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DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL
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MR. MOHAMED I. AMIN, CBS, OGW, ndc(K)
DIRECTOR
DIRECTORATE OF CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS

CHAPTER ONE

1. 0 Security Situation and Threats

1.1 Introduction

The world today is experiencing unprecedented cultural, economic, political, social, and technological transformation. These changes have far-reaching impacts on crime, fear of crime, and public safety and security. In 2024, Kenya contended with threats from terrorism, transnational organized crime, drug and human trafficking, proliferation of small arms and weapons, crimes against children, money laundering and illicit brew. Nonetheless, security situation in Kenya remained calm due to the elaborate security measures that were deployed by NPS in collaboration with the other national security organs and members of public. During the year under review, 101,220 cases were reported compared to 104,842 cases reported in 2023, which is a 3% decrease.

OFFENCE	2022	2023	DIF.	% DIFF	2023	2024	DIF.	% DIFF
HOMICIDE	3056	3031	-25	-1	3031	3015	-16	-1
OFFENCES AGAINST MORALITY	7166	7655	489	7	7655	7523	-132	-2
OTHER OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS	22573	25471	2898	13	25471	24972	-499	-2
ROBBERY	3125	3988	863	28	3988	3642	-346	-9
BREAKINGS	6114	6886	772	13	6886	5734	-1152	-17
THEFT OF STOCK	2679	2860	181	7	2860	2442	-418	-15
STEALING	14718	18534	3816	26	18534	17560	-974	-5
THEFT BY SERVANT	1690	1907	217	13	1907	1568	-339	-18
VEHICLE AND OTHER THEFTS	1459	1687	228	16	1687	1383	-304	-18
DANGEROUS DRUGS	6526	9338	2812	43	9338	8231	-1107	-12
TRAFFIC OFFENCES	158	173	15	9	173	72	-101	-58
CRIMINAL DAMAGE	4426	5078	652	15	5078	5120	42	1
ECONOMIC CRIMES	4367	4970	603	14	4970	4610	-360	-7
CORRUPTION	95	116	21	22	116	104	-12	-10
OFFENCES INVOLVING POLICE OFFICERS	77	180	103	134	180	246	66	37
OFFENCES INVOLVING TOURIST	26	68	42	162	68	39	-29	-43
OTHER PENAL CODE OFFENCES	9828	12900	3072	31	12900	14959	2059	16
TOTAL	88083	104842	16759	19	104842	101220	-3622	-3

Table 1: Comparative Crime figures for the years 2022/2023/2024

The offence categorized as “other offences against persons (assault, creating disturbance, affray, maiming, grievous harm, intimidation, preparation to commit a felony and offensive conduct) recorded the highest number of cases with 24,972 reports as compared with 25,471 cases reported last year, translating into a decrease of 2%. Stealing was the second highest category with 17,560 cases, recording a 5% decrease and on the third position was Other Penal Code offences, posting 14,959 cases.

Robbery decreased last year from 3,988 to 3,642 cases which is a 9% decrease compared to 2024. Equally, homicide decreased from 3,031 to 3,015 which is a 1% decrease as compared to 2023.

A comparative analysis based on Counties placed Nairobi County first after recording the highest number of cases at 9,717 which was a decrease of 12.5% or 1,391 cases compared to 2023. Further, Nairobi County accounted for 9.6% of all the cases reported.

Kiambu County was second with 8,865, Meru with 5,487, Nakuru with 4,664, and Machakos with 4,028. The least number of crimes were reported in Wajir 358, Mandera 373, followed by Lamu 401.

A total of 17 Counties recorded increases in crime during the period under review, as opposed to 21 counties in 2023. Notable increases were recorded in Narok 508 (34.3%), Migori 450 (23.2%), Kisumu 442 (18.6%), and Kilifi 383 (16.4%), among others.

Meanwhile, a significant reduction in crime was recorded in 29 Counties, with notable decline in Nairobi 1,391 (12.5%), Machakos 752 (15.7%), Kiambu 667 (7.1%), Kakamega 232 (10.4%), among others.

1.2 Threats to National Security

1.2.0 Terrorism

Terrorism remains the most direct asymmetric threat to international security, stability and prosperity. It is a persistent global issue that knows no border, nationality, or religion. Kenya’s strategic geopolitical position, international status and visibility, highly developed and lucrative tourist sector that provides soft targets, the presence of terror sleep cells, and expanding democratic space all render the country vulnerable to terrorism attacks. With Al-Shabaab militants remaining active especially along the Kenya –Somalia border, dismantling their terror networks and financial support infrastructure accompanied by countering radicalization and the propagation of extremism remained a top agenda for NPS.

NPS deployed Specialized and elite Police units including the General Service Unit (GSU), Quick Response Unit (QRU), Anti-Terrorism Police Unit (ATPU), Bomb Disposal Unit, Cyber Forensics Investigative Unit (CFIU), Special Operations Group (SOG), and Border Police Unit (BPU) in collaboration with Kenya Defence Forces (KDF), National Intelligence Service (NIS) and the National Counter-Terrorism Centre prevented and thwarted a significant number of terrorism attempts.

Collaboration with international law enforcement agencies/partners such as INTERPOL provided a vital platform for the coordination of efforts against terrorism, including sharing intelligence, experiences to further incapacitate the terror networks. The Regional Counter-terrorism Training Centre domiciled at Kanyonyoo Border Police Unit in Kitui County continued to offer specialized advanced tactical training, enhanced border and national security and facilitated joint operations across the region. These concerted efforts led to the

Global Terrorism Index (GTI) impact score for Kenya decreasing from a High in 2023 to a Medium in 2024.

In 2024, 33 terror-related incidences were reported, indicating a decrease of 25 cases compared to 58 cases reported in 2023, while 21 terror suspects were arrested. Mandera County recorded the highest number of terrorism cases followed by Garissa, Wajir and Lamu respectively. Most of the attacks targeted security camps and vital government installations many of which were successfully foiled by security officers.



Inspector General National Police Service, Mr. Douglas Kanja conducting assessment on the fight against terrorism in Lamu.

1.2.1 Drug trafficking

Drug trafficking is a global illicit trade involving the cultivation, manufacture, distribution and sale of substances contrary to drug prohibition laws. Abuse of Narcotics, Drugs and Psychotropic Substances undermines security and poses a major threat to political and social stability, the rule of law, human rights and economic development.

The most abused Narcotics, Drugs and Psychotropic Substances in Kenya last year were Cannabis Sativa, Cocaine, Heroin, Ketamine, Meth, MDMA, and Cozepam.



41 bales of bhang seized at Komarock Phase 2 Estate in Nairobi

NPS has remained steadfast and in collaboration with various stakeholders such as NAC-ADA, and other security agencies intensified counter-drug trafficking operations leading to arrests, and expedited prosecution of suspects in accordance with the Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Control) Act. In 2024, a total of 7,065 persons were arrested and arraigned in court for drug-related offences. This was a decrease of 826 arrests or 10.5% compared to the same period in 2023 which recorded 7,891 arrests.

1.2.2 Organized Criminal Groups

The proliferation of organized criminal gangs in Kenya has been evolving at unprecedented rates and measures, thus causing the public to live in fear of potential attacks, disruption of business, and putting the image of the country at stake. In 2024, several organized criminal gangs remained a threat to security, included Panga boys, Confirm, Kata Hema, Gaza, Usiku Sacco, Mutu tatu squad, Team Shamba, Organized, Good News International Ministries (94) and team Kazoo.

NPS identified the modus operandi of organized criminal gangs including their command structures and networks most of which Police successfully dismantled, contained the situation, and restored normalcy in the affected areas, leading to the arrest and arraignment of 330 suspects of organized criminal gangs in Court, marking a reduction as compared to 929 arrests in 2023.

1.2.3 Counterfeit and Contraband Goods

Counterfeit and contraband goods deny consumers the opportunity to enjoy benefits that come with genuine products. They encourage unfair business competition, deny government revenues in unpaid taxes, and expose consumers to risks, which sometimes lead to fatalities. In the long run, counterfeits undermine intellectual property rights, and hurt innovations. Further, proceeds from Counterfeit and Contraband goods may end up furthering organized criminal activities such as terrorism and money laundering, which compromises national security.



Contraband milk powder seized by police within Ruai Area off Eastern Bypass in Nairobi.

NPS in conjunction with Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) and Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS), last year conducted numerous successful intelligence-led operations that led to arrest of 95 suspects. Also impounded last year were 64,815 Kilograms of sugar, 3,750 Kgs of rice, 658 bags of fertilizer, 51,600 litres of Ethanol, 9,583 Packets of cigarettes, 116,796 liters of alcohol among others.

1.2.4 Wildlife Crimes

Wildlife crime is one of the main challenges in wildlife conservation globally, and Kenya is no exception. Kenya's invaluable wildlife resources are under threat due to poaching and trade in endangered flora and fauna, it has remained a threat to the country's security, economy, and conservation efforts. In 2024, NPS in collaboration with Kenya Wildlife Service and Kenya Forest Service arrested and arraigned suspects for various offences. However, the proliferation of trade in donkey and bush meat was noted as a serious emerging threat to wildlife and public health.



Elephant tusks recovered in Trans Nzoia County on 1st March 2024

1.2.5 Cattle Rustling and Banditry

Cattle rustling and banditry remained a threat to national security particularly in the North Rift Region where marauding armed criminals and bandits attacked residents and stole livestock. Cattle rustling leads to unwarranted loss of lives of both security agents and civilians, displacement of women, children, livestock theft and wanton destruction of property such as schools, police vehicles and other social amenities.

Several strategies have been deployed to deal with the menace including but not limited to declaring six Counties namely, Turkana, West Pokot, Elgeyo Marakwet, Baringo, Laikipia and Samburu Counties as “dangerous and disturbed”, issuing of Curfew Orders and a multi-agency security operation dubbed ‘Operation Maliza Uhalifu North Rift’ involving KDF and NPS which has seen a significant decrease in cattle rustling cases.

During the period under review, a total of 696 cases of cattle rustling and stock theft were recorded compared to 998 cases in a similar period last year, 20,243 livestock were stolen which is a major decrease as compared to 60,990 livestock stolen last year. Further, 97 fatalities were recorded while 74 persons were injured in comparison to 202 fatalities and 230 injuries in 2023 which denotes a decrease of 105 fatalities and 156 injuries. Majority of the cases were reported in Rift Valley region, with 418 cases, or 60% of the total number of cases reported, while Eastern Region, with 100 cases, representing 15% of all the cases reported. Central Region had 83 cases or 12% of all the cases reported



Cows stolen from Bojidare Area, Isiolo County recovered by Police

1.2.6 Human Trafficking and Migrant Smuggling

Human trafficking and migrant smuggling are transnational organized crimes that use men, women and children for profit. The organized networks or individuals behind these lucrative crimes take advantage of people who are vulnerable, desperate or simply seeking a better life. These crimes undermine the populations' fundamental rights and freedoms, health and safety thus posing a threat to national security.

In 2024, NPS in collaboration with other stakeholders including NIS, KRA, Port Health Services, and the Directorate of Immigration Services deployed a multi-agency approach which resulted in interception, investigation, arrests and arraignment of suspected smugglers and traffickers, while some victims were rescued and repatriated or deported. Further The National Police Service launched the Training Curriculum on Investigating Trafficking in Persons (TIP) and Smuggling of Migrants (SOM) which is spearheaded by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and aims at improving the capacity of police at all levels to detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute human trafficking cases.

A total of 1,239 aliens/illegal immigrants or undocumented immigrants were arrested across the country compared to 1,272 arrests made in 2023 marking a slight decrease in number of arrests. Most of the aliens originated from Ethiopia, Eritrea and Somalia accounting for more than 85% of the arrests, with 911, 82 and 165 arrests, respectively.

1.2.7 Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse

Crimes against children remain underreported to police. This is due to the several factors, including that most of the perpetrators are often people related to the children. With the advancement in information and communication technologies, the situation is further compounded with emergence of Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (OCSEA). Since 2006, NPS has made deliberate efforts in the best interest of the child, to encourage report of the same, through the establishment of Child Protection Units within police stations. With assistance from international partners including UNODC, UK NCA and INTERPOL, in 2016 NPS established the Anti-Human Trafficking and Child Protection Unit (AHTCPU) at the DCI Academy, and later Mombasa to investigate OCSEA. AHTCPU is charged with the responsibilities to investigate OCSEA, child trafficking and offer specialized training to NPS Officers working in the Child Protection Units within police stations.

Through the AHTCPU, Kenya is accredited for being the first Country within Eastern Africa Region to have been connected to the INTERPOL International Child Sexual Exploitation (ICSE) Database, in addition to its connectivity to the US-based National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC).



VULNERABILITY: Inspector General of Police interacting with children during an impromptu visit at Thika Police Station on December 17, 2024.

1.2.8 Illicit Brew

Illicit liquor is brewed without adherence to standards, verification and authorization by the Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS), and is normally sold in backstreet drinking dens and unlicensed outlets. The habitual drinking of illicit brew has become an existential threat to security and socio-economic development in the country.

The Government declared war on the rampant trade in illicit and adulterated liquor, proliferation of second generation alcohol and mushrooming of unlicensed liquor stores and ordered a continuous crackdown in the whole country.

In 2024, Police in partnership with National Government Administration Authority (NGAO), NACADA, KRA, KEBS, the Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) and the County Governments executed strategies to curb the production, consumption and sale of illicit brew in Kenya. Thus, a total of 691,586 litres of illicit brew were impounded as compared to 1,264,534 liters in 2023, while 28,862 persons were arrested out of which 4,087 were manufacturers, 11,021 distributors, 6,194 retailers and 7,560 consumers.



8750 litres of Ethanol alcohol impounded from a premise in Juja, Kiambu County

1.2.9 Sexual and Gender Based Violence

Sexual and Gender Based Violence (SGBV) is a criminal offence and a moral indignation as provided in the Kenyan Penal Code, the Sexual Offences Act and the Constitution. It encompasses various forms including physical, verbal, psychological, sexual and socio-economic violence leading to psychological, social and economic challenges.

During the year under review, a total of 6,807 cases were reported compared to the same period in the year 2023 which recorded a total of 7,872 cases indicating a decrease of 1,065 cases. Nairobi County recorded the highest number of cases with 466, while Samburu County recorded the least with 13 cases.

The offence of defilement was the most prevalent with 5,332 cases compared to 5,370 cases recorded during a similar period in 2023, a decrease of 38 cases. The second highest was rape with 884 cases in 2024 compared to a similar period in 2023 which had 662 cases representing an increase of 222 cases.

1.2.10 Road Traffic Accidents

It is quite regrettable that Kenya continues to witness avoidable road crashes on our roads which claim the lives of a significant number of individuals annually, with countless others sustaining minor or serious injuries causing considerable economic losses to individuals, their families, and to the nation as a whole. According to our statistics, the majority of these accidents are due to issues of non-compliance and lawlessness that include operating defective vehicles, failure to use safety belts by commuters, speeding, driving under the influence of alcohol and drugs, and dangerous overtaking among others.

To mitigate the scourge, the National Police Service in collaboration with NTSA adopted a multi- pronged strategy that included targeted operations and public sensitization on road safety.

In 2024, there were 11,173 cases of road traffic accidents recorded compared to 9,986 cases in 2023, representing an increase by 12%. Out of the traffic accidents recorded in 2023, 5,685 were fatal, followed by 4,095 serious Injury road traffic accidents and 1,393 slight injury road traffic accidents in that order.



TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT: DIG KPS, Mr. Eliud Lagat accompanied by NPS Spokesperson Dr. Resila Onyango, PhD, HSC, conducting traffic assessment on major highways to enhance safety.

In addition, there were 4,748 victims (fatalities) in 2024 as compared to 4,513 in 2023, representing an increase of 235 victims. A total of 11,936 people sustained serious injuries in 2024 as compared to 10,675 people in 2023, while 7,561 people sustained slight injuries in 2024 as compared to 7,745 persons in 2023.

The total fines collected due to road traffic offences in 2023 was Kshs. 434,422,616/= compared to Kshs. 264,091,784/= in 2023, marking an increase of Kshs. 170,330,832/= or 64%.

ACCIDENTS								
CATEGORY	Year 2022	Year 2023	Diff	%Diff	Year 2023	Year 2024	Diff	%Diff
FATAL	4043	3822	-221	-5	3822	4095	273	7
SERIOUS	4823	4916	93	2	4916	5685	769	16
SLIGHT	1110	1248	138	12	1248	1393	145	12
TOTAL	9976	9986	10	0	9986	11173	1187	12
VICTIMS								
CATEGORY	Year 2022	Year 2023	Diff	%Diff	Year 2023	Year 2024	Diff	%Diff
FATAL	4690	4513	-177	-4	4513	4748	235	5
SERIOUS	9936	10675	739	7	10675	11936	1261	12
SLIGHT	7131	7745	614	9	7745	7561	-184	-2
TOTAL	21757	22933	1176	5	22933	24245	1312	6

Table : Accidents and Victims in 2022/2023/2024

1.2.11 Cybercrime

Cybercrime is a global threat that continues to rise in scale and complexity. It has evolved into a significant threat to human rights, democracy and the rule of law, and international peace and stability, with a major social and economic impact. In Kenya, crimes targeting individuals, corporations, and institutions through the use of computer technology are a growing threat to personal and national security. Last year, NPS through the DCI Cybercrime Unit addressed various aspects of cyber-crime including human trafficking, cyber bullying, fraud, theft, extortion, transnational crime and terrorism, which led to swift investigation, arrests and arraignment of suspects.

1.2.12 Vandalism

Vandalism is a serious criminal enterprise that violates the economic rights of Kenyans and derails the Government's effort to provide services to the public. Increased cases of vandalism of electrical installation continue to expose the citizenry to the potential risks to public safety associated with the theft of electrical transformers that poses severe risks to both lives and property in the form of power outages, electrocution hazards and disruption of power flows to critical services such as healthcare and emergency response systems.

In 2024, there was an increase in incidences of vandalism targeting electric power transmission infrastructure, resulting in power disruptions affecting service delivery and thus causing economic loss. To firmly tackle this menace, NPS collaborated with Scrap Metal Dealers and other stakeholders which enhanced surveillance, security patrols, public awareness campaigns, and community engagements leading to the arrest, and arraignment of vandals.



POWER: Vandalized Kenya Power and Lighting Company (KPLC) electric cables recovered by Police at White Gate Area in Kisumu.

CHAPTER TWO

2.0 Institutional Capacity Enhancement

Security is crucial for the social economic development as envisaged in the constitution, Vision 2030 and under the Bottom-up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA). Towards the achievement of the targeted growth, the National Police Service diligently executed its mandate of promoting public safety and maintenance of law and order creating a secure environment that provided an incentive for attracting investments both from within and outside our borders and stimulated economic growth in the country. In pursuit of NPS's vision, mission, strategic objectives and in line with the NPS's transformation agenda, the Service adopted various strategies including strengthening its operational and institutional capacity with an intention to enhance and optimize delivery of effective, people-centric and accountable policing services for a safe and prosperous society.

2.1 Personnel



PARADE: Passing out parade of 205 National Police Reservists held at Chesta Teachers' Training College- West Pokot County on 9th January, 2024.

Towards realisation of the vision of a professional, efficient, and responsive Police Service and ensuring that the Service earns the confidence, respect and trust of the public, NPS has been conducting recruitment drives targeting various cadres of Police experts and talents. In 2024, 205 National Police Reservists joined the National Police Service and will augment the critical role of combating security threats especially banditry and cattle rustling in various parts of Kenya. The NPS will continue recruiting police officers for enhanced service delivery.

2.2 Housing

NPS faces acute shortage of decent houses for the uniformed Officers. Some of the past efforts to address the housing inadequacy in NPS included leasing and provision of housing allowances both of which present a significant challenge to police command and control as Officers are housed outside their stations. Currently, there is provision to construct police houses through the Government's Affordable Housing Program, and utilization of the Civil Servants Housing Mortgage at 5% interest rate. Ensuring adequate and suitable housing for Officers nonetheless remains crucial for police welfare. The launch of the Strategic Framework for Implementation of Reforms for the National Police Service will address this issue.

2.3 NPS Capability on Land, Air and Water

As the national security organ charged with the internal security of Kenya, NPS is mandated to promote public safety, law and order. This enormous mandate necessitated the revitalization of the Police Equipment Modernization Program to increase assets and Personal Protective Equipment for officers confronting banditry, terrorism and organized crime. Part of NPS Modernization includes the acquisition of drones, Armored Personnel Carrier, Mine Resistant Ambush Protected, motorcycles, among other utility vehicles that has improved police mobility in the daily operations, eased operational costs and ensured optimal service delivery.



AVIATION: Five-year-old Mutuku Kioko is rescued from flood waters by a team from NPS Airwing at Nduati in Yatta, Machakos County on April 23, 2024.

As stipulated under the NPS Standing Orders, NPS Airwing is responsible for facilitating all forms of security related aerial work by Government agencies including observation, patrol, photography, aerial survey, dropping of supplies and security equipment and search and rescue, providing aerial reconnaissance, and protection and security of very important persons, casualty evacuation and crowd control and dispersal among others.



VEHICLES: NPS fleet under the lease program aimed at augmenting its logistical and operational capacity.



ARMOURED: Armoured Personnel Carriers for use in Police operations

2.4 Training

The security environment under which police officers operate today is volatile, uncertain, complex, and ambiguous amidst technological advancement and globalization. Emerging crimes including commercialized banditry attacks, terrorism, violent extremism, and trans-national organized crime and OCSEA all require specialized knowledge and evidence-based approaches to tackle effectively. This calls for continuous training and exposure of Officers. Notably, Constitutional mandate of NPS to train its staff to the highest possible standards of competence and integrity and to respect human rights and fundamental freedoms and dignity is paramount.

Last year, NPS conducted various capacity building trainings such as Strategic Leadership course for County and Sub-County Commanders, and County Traffic Enforcement Officers (CTEO) course at the National Police Leadership Academy in Ngong'. Other trainings that have been undertaken include a three-month Station Commanders Development Course for NPS Officers upon their promotion to the rank of Chief Inspector.



WELL DONE: IG- NPS Mr. Douglas Kanja congratulates Ms. Nelina Anyango , SSP after the successful completion of the National Police Service County Commanders Course No. 1/2024 at the National Police Leadership Academy- Ngong.

Further, the Service conducted promotional courses where NPS officers undertook the Higher Training Course (HTC) and Senior Training Course at the NPC Main Campus–Kiganjo and National Police Senior Staff College, Emali Campus respectively. These courses are designed to equip Middle-level management Officers with advanced skills and strategic insights needed to navigate the complex challenges of modern-day policing and gives significant impetus to the Inspector Generals' vision of transforming police stations in Kenya to be centres of excellence for police operations and service delivery to the public.

In addition, junior officers undertook their respective promotional courses including Corporal, Sergeant, Senior Sergeant and Inspectorate at different NPS Training institutions. These trainings reflect NPS' commitment to empower our officers to equip them with additional knowledge and skills for improved rendering of police services.



PROMOTION: The Ag. IG-NPS, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli (front row centre) at Main Campus Kiganjo during the closing ceremony of the Higher Training Course (HTC) on August 30, 2024.

2.5 Welfare

The need to improve the welfare issues including but not limited to police housing, better terms of service and working conditions geared towards transforming the Service into a professional, efficient, and responsive Police Service that is adequately prepared to tackle the dynamic national security challenges based on democratic policing principles.

2.5.1 NPS Hospital Mbagathi

The NPS Level Four Hospital Mbagathi is part of the ongoing NPS modernization program. The newly built hospital was handed over by the Kenya Defence Forces on May 17, 2024, to the National Police Service in a ceremony presided over by the Cabinet Secretary for Defense, Hon. Aden Duale and Cabinet Secretary for Interior and National Administration, Prof. Kithure Kindiki. The 150-bed capacity Hospital will offer quality health care services to NPS Officers and their families.



HEALTH: Then CS for Defense, Hon. Aden Duale and CS for Interior and National Administration, Prof. Kithure Kindiki presides over the Handing over ceremony of NPS Level IV Hospital, Mbagathi.

2.5.2 Sports

Last year, NPS athletes posted exemplary performance locally and globally. Police Constable Beatrice Chebet, triumphed in the Women's 10,000m race in a time of 30:43.25 in the Paris Olympics, making her the only athlete at the Paris Olympics to win two individual Gold Medals. She had also won Kenya's first Gold Medal in the Women's 5000m (14:28.56) in what was her debut in the Olympic Games. Other NPS Officers who won medals at the 2024 Paris Olympics are Corporal Mary Moraa who won a bronze medal in 800m while Police Constable Abraham Kibiwot won a bronze medal in the men's 3000m steeplechase.

As a result of the sterling performance Police Constable Abraham Kibiwot and Police Constable Beatrice Chebet and were both promoted to the rank of Corporal on Merit. In Football, the Kenya Police FC for made a resounding 3-1 win against the defending champions Gor Mahia FC during FKF Premier League match played at Kenya National Police DT SACCO Stadium. Further, Kenya Police Bullets FC dominated the 2023/2024 FKF Women Premier League season, earned the privilege to represent the country at the Confederation of African Football (CAF) Women's Champions League in Ethiopia.



ATHLETICS: His Excellency the President Dr. William S. Ruto congratulates Corporal Beatrice Chebet at State Lodge, Eldoret on August 15, 2024. She is the double Olympic gold medalist in 5000m and 10000m in the Paris Olympics.



GOLD MEDALIST: Reigning world champion in the 800m women's race CPL Mary Moraa presents the Diamond trophy she won at the Brussels Diamond League to the Ag. Inspector General Mr. Gilbert Masengeli on September 17, 2024 at the Police Pavilion in South C- Nairobi.



CHAMPIONS: Kenya Police Bullets celebrate after being crowned the 2023/2024 FKF Women Premier League Champions

2.5.3 Manu Chandaria Bravery Awards



BRAVERY: Ag. IG Gilbert Masengeli with Dr. Manu Chandaria during the Chandaria Bravery Awards held at National Police Headquarters on August 9, 2024. Chandaria Bravery Award is for NPS Officers who exhibited acts of bravery in execution of their duties

The Chandaria Foundation has for decades partnered with NPS through the Chandaria Bravery Awards, an annual event held in honour of police officers who, in their service to the nation went beyond the call of duty. This year, the Chandaria Bravery Awards were held on August 9, 2024, at NPS Headquarters where twenty officers were recognized for their selfless sacrifice and fortitude.

The event was presided by the Ag. Inspector General of Police, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli who thanked Chandaria Foundation for their continued cooperation and hailed the officers as unsung heroes who deserve the recognition for their dedication to the security of our country. On his part, Dr. Chandaria thanked NPS Officers for putting their lives in danger for the safety of our country and assured the Service of his continued support.

2.5.4 Launch of Strategic Implementation Document for Police Reforms

The launch of the Strategic Framework for Implementation of Terms and Conditions of Service and Other Reforms for Members of National Police Service by His Excellency the President of the Republic of Kenya will lead to legal, policy, administrative, institutional and operational reforms, and particularly on salary review, living conditions, medical cover, housing and other aspects of welfare including the ongoing equipment modernization for NPS.



LAUNCH: L-R: Commandant General Mr. James Tembur, CS Public Service Hon. Justin Muturi, then CS Interior Prof. Kithure Kindiki, H.E the President Hon. William Samoei Ruto, PhD, CGH, Ag. Inspector General Mr. Gilbert Masengeli, Commissioner General of Prisons Mr. Patrick Aranduh, PS Internal Security, Dr. Raymond Omolo, during the launch the Strategic Framework for Implementation of reforms at KSG-Lower Kabete on September 18, 2024.

2.6 Police Accountability and Transparency

Transparency and accountability is a key objective of the NPS, hence in order to ensure oversight and accountability, the Independent Policing Oversight Authority (IPOA) is mandated to investigate any complaints related to disciplinary or criminal offences committed by any member of the NPS, whether on its own motion or on receipt of a complaint, inspections of Police premises and detention facilities; and monitor and investigate policing operations

In addition, NPS has the Internal Affairs Unit (IAU) that is responsible for receiving and investigating complaints against police officers, including allegations of bribery, abuse of power, negligence, and other forms of misconduct. The unit conducts thorough investigations into these complaints and takes appropriate action against officers found guilty of misconduct, including disciplinary measures, criminal prosecution, or dismissal from the Service. In the period under review, 180 reports relating to offences involving police officers were recorded and necessary action was taken.



OVERSIGHT: IG Kanja, together with DIG- KPS, Mr. Eliud Lagat, DIG- APS, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli and the Director IAU Mr. Boniface Maingi at IAU Headquarters, KCB Towers Upper Hill, Nairobi on October 25, 2024.

2.7 Launch of NPS Strategic Plan 2023-2027

The National Police Service 2023-2027 Strategic Plan was launched by His Excellency Dr. William Samoei Ruto, CGH, President of the Republic of Kenya and Commander-in-Chief of the Defence Forces on December 13, 2024 at the Kenya School of Government, Lower Kabete. The Strategic Plan is a blueprint that will guide NPS progress towards realization of the vision of a professional, efficient and responsive police service.

The 2023-2027 Strategic Plan focuses on eight Key Result Areas including improved infrastructure and facilities; improved working conditions and staff welfare; and digitization and technology integration in NPS operations and services. The other KRAs include strengthening NPS logistical, operational and investigative capacity; strengthen policies and frameworks for NPS operations and public engagement; enhance police professionalism and accountability; augment the NPS budget financing; and strengthen staff performance management.



STRATEGIC PLAN: H.E the President, Dr. William Ruto and the IG- NPS, Mr. Douglas Kanja during the Launch of NPS 2023-2027 Strategic Plan at KSG-Lower Kabete, Nairobi.

CHAPTER THREE

3.0 Use of Technology in Policing

Emerging security challenges facing our country have become more sophisticated and complex. Compounded by an interconnected world and advancement in technology, the emerging technologies such as cloud computing, growth of Software as a Service (SaaS) and mobile digital platform are exploited by criminals to advance cybercrime. Therefore, NPS has gradually been adopting digitization and technology Integration in its Operations and Services especially through the ongoing modernization program. Last year, NPS deployed technology especially in the areas of criminal investigation, border surveillance and traffic management.

3.1.0 Integrated, Communication, Command and Control (IC3) Centre

NPS's Integrated, Command, Control, and Communication (IC3) center, is tasked with the management and coordination of emergency response, surveillance, critical operations and traffic management within Nairobi and Mombasa cities. IC3 has sections including Emergency Call Centre that handles incoming and outgoing public trunk calls, Dispatching Centre that dispatch, monitor and support operational resources, and Critical Incident Management Suite to proactively and intelligently monitor public spaces.



SURVEILLANCE: A Police Officer on duty at the Integrated Communication, Command and Control (IC3) Centre.

3.1.1 DCI National Forensic Laboratory

The DCI National Forensic Lab is a state-of-the-art Laboratory that serves the entire NPS and other Government investigative agencies. The lab has 12 mini labs including Forensics, Ballistics, and Fingerprint Sections among others that have enabled the Service to meet international policing norms and standards. The laboratory is a game changer in the conduct of investigations and unraveling complex crimes through scientific evidence-based investigations which has been instrumental in the expeditious resolution of cases such as murders, robbery with violence, terrorism, drug trafficking, money laundering, and smuggling among others by assisting the criminal justice system in identification of suspects through internationally accepted means.



FORENSICS: NPS Forensic Laboratory is a key facility in enhancing the investigative capacity of the Service.

CHAPTER FOUR

4.0 Local, Regional and International Partnerships in Policing

Fostering and promoting relationships with the broader society is one of the key objects and functions of the National Police Service as provided for in the constitution, hence in pursuit of this function, the Service rolled out a robust strategy for collaboration and partnership with communities as well as with strategic national and international partners to build a strong, professional and quality police service in Kenya.

4.1 Local Partnerships in Policing

Recognizing that collective efforts are essential in maintaining peace and security, NPS has been building alliances with all stakeholders including communities, Private Sector Development Partners, Academic Institutions and Non-Governmental Organizations. This participation ensures that all members of society have a voice and role in shaping and implementing effective policing strategies, promoting transparency, accountability, and trust between the police and the public.



COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT: IG Douglas Kanja interacting with members of public at Kitengela Police Station



PARTNERSHIP WITH ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS: L-R: DIG-KPS Mr. Eliud Lagat, Chairperson NPSC, Mr. Eliud Kinuthia, VC-AIU Rev. Dr. Nelson Makanda, IG-NPS Mr. Douglas Kanja, Deputy National Security Advisor/former IG-Mr. Joseph Boinnet, DCI Director Mr. Mohammed Amin, DIG -APS, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli.

4.2 Regional and International Partnerships in Policing

Last year, NPS continued to enhance its collaboration with Regional and International Law Enforcement Agencies and development partners, through existing security architectures including the UN, Eastern Africa Police Chiefs Cooperation Organization (EAPCCO), International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL), UN Police (UNPOL), UNODC, German Cooperation (GIZ), East Africa Community, and African Union Mechanism for Police Cooperation (AFRIPOL).

In discharging his continental mandate as the President of AFRIPOL General Assembly, the Inspector General, National Police Service Mr. Douglas Kanja, MGH, CBS, OGW presided over the AFRIPOL 12th Steering Committee Meeting held in Tunis, Tunisia. The meeting brought together Chiefs of Police from AU Member States, Chairs of Regional Police Chiefs Cooperation (CAPCCO, WAPCCO, SAPCCO, NARC), AU representatives and AFRIPOL Secretariat. AFRIPOL is a technical institution of the African Union has a mandate to strengthen cooperation between the police agencies of AU member states in the prevention and fight against organized transnational crime, terrorism, and Cybercrime.

Further the NPS being one of the major Police Contributing Country on peacekeeping missions and Peace Support Operations. Kenya Police Officers have served on missions in many countries including United Nations Transitional Assistance Group Namibia, UN Transitional Authority in Cambodia, UN Protection Force in (former Yugoslavia), UN Mission in Bosnia

and Herzegovina, UN Transitional Administration in East Timor, UN Civilian Police Support group in Croatia, UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone, UN Mission in Sierra Leone, UN Mission in Kosovo, AU Mission in Darfur.

The current Peace Support Operations Deployment include UNMISS South Sudan, ATMIS Somalia, UNSOM Somalia, MONUSCO DRC, UNISFA Abyei, INURSO Western Sahara, UNHQRS New York, UNLB Brindisi-Italy, and the Haiti Mission where the Kenyan-led Multinational Security Support Mission is collaborating with Haiti National Police (HNP) to protect civilians and restore security.



AFRIPOL: The President of AFRIPOL IG Douglas Kanja chairs the AFRIPOL 12th Steering Committee Meeting in Tunis, Tunisia in October 2024.

The Inspector General of Police held several bilateral talks including a meeting with the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) Regional Representative for Eastern Africa, Ms. Ashita Mittal and deliberated on areas of partnership in light of the ongoing implementation of Maraga Taskforce Police reforms. UNODC is currently supporting NPS in modernization of the National Police College Kiganjo Main Campus through a project dubbed, “Kiganjo Project”, aimed at transforming the physical infrastructure and enhancing technical capacity of the college and is also supporting a mentorship program dubbed Empowering Every Badge aimed at increasing participation of girls and women in police



PEACEKEEPING: The Inspector General- NPS Mr. Douglas Kanja presents the National Flag at NPS Headquarters to Mr. Mbatian Kantai, SSP, who is the Head of Kenyan Contingent proceeding for a Peacekeeping Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) in September 2024.

In addition the IG received a courtesy call from His Excellency Mohammed Mutair Al-Shamlani Al-Anzi, the Ambassador of the State of Qatar to the Republic of Kenya held bilateral talks, focusing on areas of collaboration between NPS and Qatar Government.



BILATERAL TALKS: IG Kanja with the His Excellency Mohammed Mutair Al-Shamlani Al-Anzi, the Ambassador of the State of Qatar to the Republic of Kenya at Jogoo House, Nairobi.



UNODC: IG Kanja with the UNODC Regional Representative for Eastern Africa, Ms. Ashita Mittal Who had paid a courtesy visit to his Jogoo House office.

Elsewhere, Director, Directorate of Criminal Investigations Mr. Mr. Mohamed I. Amin, CBS, OGW, ndc (K) represented the IG during 92nd INTERPOL General Assembly held at Glasgow, UK and attended by several Chiefs of Police, from Nov 4, 2024 ended on November 7, 2024.



INTERPOL: Director, DCI, Mr. Amin Mohammed leading the Kenyan delegation at the 92nd INTERPOL General Assembly at Glasgow, UK in November 2024.

INTERPOL is the world's largest police organization with 196 member countries, during the meeting delegates passed several resolutions aimed at strengthening INTERPOL, including the impact of technology and Artificial Intelligence on policing, capacity building for police to combat transnational organized crimes, terrorism and crimes against women and girls; intelligence sharing and enhancing use of INTERPOL Databases including biometric data among countries.

CHAPTER FIVE

5.0 Border Security

Securing Kenya's borders is a key national security agenda aimed at deterring terrorism, proliferation of illicit arms and contraband goods all of which have real and potential negative effects on the socio-economic and political stability of the country.

To enhance border security, NPS worked closely with the national security organs, and other agencies including Kenya Coast Guard Service, Directorate of Immigration Services, National Counter Terrorism Center (NCTC), Kenya Bureau of Standard (KEBS), Port Health Services, Kenya Airports Authority (KAA) and Ken Trade under the Border Control and Operations Coordination Committee (BCOCC) but most critically, members of public.

Among the measures undertaken to safeguard Kenya's borders from attacks include physical infrastructure, surveillance technology, regular border patrols, community engagement and collaboration with neighboring counties, erecting fences, walls, and checkpoints at strategic border points helps in controlling the movement of people and goods. In 2024, several incidents of terrorist attacks targeting the country were thwarted, while several offenders were arrested and arraigned.



BORDER PATROLS: Border Police Unit on board a technical land cruiser



SURVEILLANCE TECHNOLOGY: Drones used in security surveillance and reconnaissance by the Border Police Unit.

5.1 Proliferation of Illegal Firearms and Light Weapons

SUMMARY OF RECOVERED FIREARMS AND AMMUNITIONS - 2024			
CATEGORY	RECOVERED	SURRENDERED	TOTAL
FIREARMS	60	36	96
AMMUNITIONS	4548	272	4,820
EXPLOSIVES	-	36	36

The proliferation of illegal firearms and light weapons is a serious global issue that exacerbates conflicts, fuels crime, and poses a significant threat to public safety. Several factors contribute to this issue, including porous borders, political instability in neighboring countries. Some of the past initiatives that the Government has used to prevent and control proliferation of SAWL into the country include voluntary and forceful disarmament operations, enhanced law enforcement efforts to crack down on illegal arms trade, strengthening border controls, and engaging in regional cooperation to tackle the cross-border flow of weapons. In 2024, 60 firearms were recovered while 36 were surrendered. 4548 ammunitions were recovered while 272 were surrendered along with 36 explosives.



DISARMAMENT: Illegal firearms and ammunition surrendered in Mandera County

CHAPTER SIX

6.0 The Success of Multi-Agency Model in North Rift and Lamu

The National Police Service embraced the multi-agency concept in its endeavor to align to the ever-changing operating environment occasioned by security, political and legal dynamics in order to provide effective, people-centric and accountable policing services for a safe and prosperous society. The adoption of the concept by NPS heralded the beginning of a multi-agency partnership that necessitated collaboration between the Police, Military and the communities among other stakeholders to tackle cross-cutting issues.

As a result of concerted efforts by all stakeholders and particularly the well-coordinated multi-agency 'Operation Maliza Uhalifu (OMU) in the North Rift and 'Operation Amani Boni' in Lamu County, normalcy has been restored as evinced by a significant decrease in cattle rustling cases in North Rift and a surge in social-economic activities in Lamu.

During the period under review, the multi-agency operations recorded a series of successes towards silencing the gunfire and crushing terrorism that had plagued North Rift and Lamu. Following the resultant peace in the once-volatile areas, schools that had been closed due to insecurity were reconstructed and reopened. Nonetheless, the heavy police and military machinery deployed in the North Rift region and Lamu County for the security operation to quell banditry and terrorism will continue until peace and security is fully restored.



MULTI-AGENCY: The Inspector General- NPS, Mr. Douglas Kanja, accompanied by DIG -APS, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli is briefed by a military officer on the current situation of Operation Amani Boni at Kenya Navy Base, Manda Air Bay in Lamu County.

CHAPTER SEVEN

7.0 Conclusion

The NPS has the solemn mandate to protect life and property, prevent and detect crime and maintain public order and safety in adherence to the rule of law and the respect for and protection of human rights. To effectively deliver on this mandate, NPS sustained the multi-agency security approach, working closely with national security organs, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies which led to successful response to security threats ranging from violent extremism, cybercrime, banditry transnational organized crimes including human smuggling and drug trafficking, illegal arms trade, banditry.

Further, the Service launched the 2023-2027 Strategic Plan which provides the baseline for measuring, and evaluating the NPS progress towards realization of the vision of a professional, efficient and responsive police service. The focus is now on digitization and ICT infrastructure deployment to enhance crime control and prevention; strengthening NPS logistical & operational capacity; building the technical capacity for crime management and investigations; improving infrastructural facilities, Officers' welfare, enhancing police professionalism and accountability

In addition, the progressive implementation of the reviewed modernization plan will ensure supply of modern equipment in communication, transport, forensics, general office and other critical areas, while integration of ICT in police operations will improve efficiency and effectiveness in combating crime.

Remarkably, launch of the Strategic Framework for Implementation of Reforms for the National Police Service by His Excellency the President of the Republic of Kenya will lead to legal, policy, administrative, institutional and operational reforms, and particularly on salary review, living conditions, medical cover, housing and other aspects of welfare including the ongoing equipment modernization for NPS.

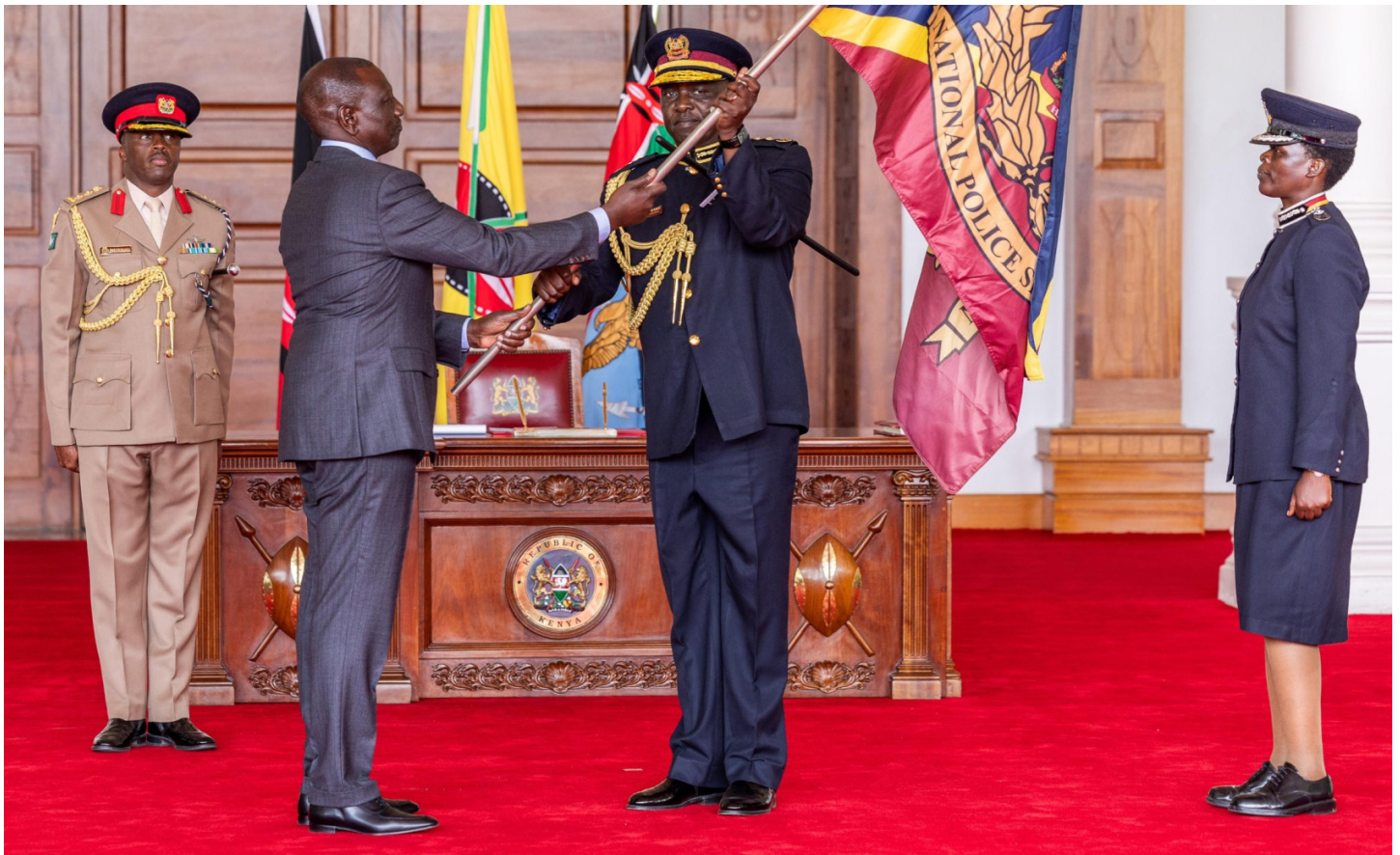
As usual, NPS acted swiftly in dealing with the worrying trend of emerging cases of killing of women which have brought to the fore the underlying and ongoing violations of the rights of women occasioning an increase in Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) cases. So far, the National Police Service through the Directorate of Criminal Investigations (DCI) has completed investigations on these cases and the majority is pending before court. Further, the Inspector General of Police formed a specialized Missing Persons Unit domiciled at the DCI Homicide Unit to decisively deal with the cases.

Finally, in a bid to realize the agenda of transforming police stations into centres of excellence in police operations, the Inspector General, Mr. Douglas Kanja, both DIGs and the Director, DCI have been making impromptu inspection visits to various Police Stations across the country to assess service delivery and take appropriate corrective measures.

Various departments within the Police Station are inspected including Report Office, Gender and Child Protection Unit, Crime Office, Police Cells, Armoury, Exhibits Store and the Traffic Department, DCI Offices as well as the Sub-County Administration Police Offices. It also gives an opportunity to the IG to interact with suspects in police cells, members of the public seeking police services and families of police officers.

To this end, the National Police Service remains fully committed to discharging its mandate professionally by upholding the utmost fidelity to the Constitution and guided by principles of democratic policing.

PICTORIAL



INSTALLATION: Issuing of Command Orders and Installation of the IG Douglas Kanja Kirocho by His Excellency the President Dr. William Ruto on September, 19, 2024 at State House Nairobi. Looking on is the NPS Spokesperson Dr. Resila Onyango.



His Excellency the President Dr. William Ruto presents the constitution to IG Kanja at Statehouse, Nairobi on September 19, 2024



INSPECTION: CS Interior Hon. Kipchumba Murkomen together with DIG-KPS, Mr. Eliud Lagat inspecting an Armoured Personnel Carrier in North Rift Region on December 25, 2024.



COLLABORATION: L-R: President of Kenya Editors Guild Zubeida Kananu, Ag. IG-NPS, Mr. Gilbert Masengeli, Veteran journalist Macharia Gaitho, and Director DCI Mr. Mohamed Amin.



BUDGET: NPS Secretary Administration/Accounting Officer Mrs. Bernice Lemedeket presents NPS Budget for FY 2024/2025 to the Parliamentary Security Committee in Nairobi.



GET WELL SOON: Prime Cabinet Secretary Hon. Dr. Musalia Mudavadi and IG-NPS Mr. Douglas Kanja, on December 19, 2024 visited injured police officers at Nairobi West Hospital.



ENGAGEMENT: His Excellency the President, Dr. William Ruto sharing a light moment with Kenyan Police Officers during his visit in Haiti.



COURTESY VISIT: Prime Minister of the Republic of Haiti, H.E, Dr. Garry Conille is introduced to the Director, DCI Mr. Amin Mohamed by the IG- NPS Mr. Douglas Kanja.



HEROES: Children of Fallen Heroes after laying a wreath during the 6th commemoration of NPS and Kenya Prisons Service Officers killed in the brave execution of their duties.



SWEARING IN: Mr. Eliud Lagat is sworn in as the DIG-Kenya Police Service at the Supreme Court of Kenya.



MAZINGIRA DAY: Madam Tessy Mudavadi is assisted by the Commandant, National Police College -Main Campus, Kiganjo to plant a tree to mark Mazingira Day.



CHANGE OF COMMAND: Mr. Gilbert Masengeli, MBS, OGW, SS (left) taking over as the DIG-APS from Mr. James Kamau, at a colorful ceremony held at APS Headquarters, Jogoo House 'A'.



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